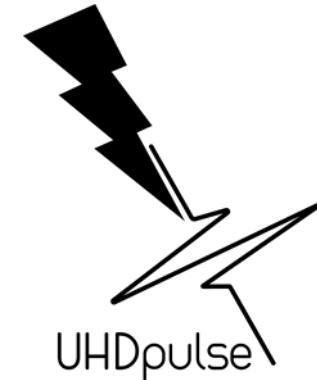


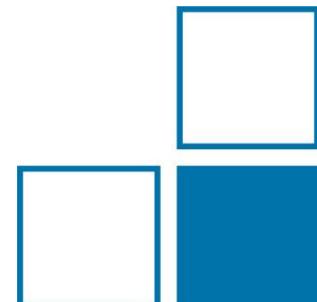
# Highlights from EMPIR and EPM JRPs: **UHDpulse – “Metrology for advanced radiotherapy using particle beams with ultra high pulse dose rates”**



**Andreas Schüller**

PTB Working Group 6.21 “Dosimetry for radiotherapy”  
**on behalf of the UHDpulse consortium**

TC-IR Annual Meeting 2023, 27.2.-3.1.2023, Madrid and online





# Joint Research Project UHDpulse



**Titel:** Metrology for advanced radiotherapy using particle beams with ultra-high pulse dose rates

**Duration:** Sep/2019-**Feb/2023**

**Coordinator:** Andreas Schüller (PTB)

**Topic:** dosimetry for  
FLASH radiotherapy & proton therapy,  
VHEE and laser-driven beams

**Website:** <http://uhdpulse-empir.eu>

The screenshot shows the journal article details and a grid of 15 small images representing figures from the study.

**Outline:**

- Highlights
- Abstract
- Keywords
- 1. Introduction
- 2. Overview of novel radiotherapy techniques using ultra-high dose rate particle beams
- 3. Metrological challenges and possible solutions for dosimetry
- 4. The UHDpulse project
- 5. Conclusion
- Acknowledgements
- References

**Original paper**  
The European Joint Research Project UHDpulse – Metrology for advanced radiotherapy using particle beams with ultra-high pulse dose rates

Andreas Schüller <sup>a, b</sup>, Sophie Heinrich <sup>b</sup>, Charles Fouillade <sup>a</sup>, Anna Subiel <sup>a</sup>, Ludovic De Marzi <sup>b, c</sup>, Francesco Romano <sup>a, c</sup>, Peter Peifer <sup>d</sup>, Maria Trachsel <sup>d</sup>, Celeste Fleita <sup>d</sup>, Rafael Krämer <sup>a, b</sup>, Marco Caresana <sup>a</sup>, Samuel Salvador <sup>a</sup>, Simon Bussol <sup>d</sup>, Andreas Schönenfeld <sup>d</sup>, Malcolm McEwen <sup>e</sup>, Faustino Gomez <sup>e</sup>, Jamilav Sole <sup>f</sup>, Claude Ballat <sup>f</sup>, Marie-Catherine Vozzenin <sup>d</sup>

**Figures (15)**

<https://doi.org/10.1016/j.ejmp.2020.09.020>  
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**Highlights**

- Ultra-high dose rate reduces adverse side effects in radiotherapy (FLASH effect).
- Studies and implementation in practice requires accurate dose measurements.
- An European joint research project was started to develop a measurement framework.
- Tools for dosimetry of ultra-high pulse dose rate beams will be provided.

Schüller et al., Physica Medica 80 (2020), 134-150  
<https://doi.org/10.1016/j.ejmp.2020.09.020>



# Joint Research Project UHDpulse



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Article Full-text available

## The European Joint Research Project UHDpulse - Metrology for advanced radiotherapy using particle beams with ultra-high pulse dose rates

November 2020 · *Physica Medica* 80:134-150  
DOI: [10.1016/j.ejmp.2020.09.020](https://doi.org/10.1016/j.ejmp.2020.09.020)  
License · CC BY-NC-ND 4.0  
Project: [UHDpulse](#)  
Labs: [Ralf-Peter Kapsch's Lab](#) · [Marco Borghesi's Lab](#) · [Jan Jakubek's Lab](#)  


Research Interest Score	40.2
Citations	55
Recommendations	4
Reads	958

**2.2 citations per month**

Schüller et al., *Physica Medica* 80 (2020), 134-150  
<https://doi.org/10.1016/j.ejmp.2020.09.020>



# UHDpulse Partners and Collaborators (6 new in 2022)



## Metrology Institutes



7 Metrology institutes

6 Hospitals

9 Universities

7 Research institutes

12 Companies

+ Inspire proton therapy network

## Irradiation facilities / providers



## Detector developers





# Work package structure



## WP1: Primary standards

- Definition of reference conditions
- Reference radiation fields
- Adapting primary standards (water calorimeter, Fricke dosimeter)
- Prototype graphite calorimeters



## WP2: Secondary standards, relative dosimetry

- Transfer from primary standards
- Characterizing established detector systems
- Formalism for reference dosimetry for future Code of Practice



## WP5: Impact, WP6: Coordination



## WP4: Detectors and methods outside primary beam

- Active detection techniques for pulsed mixed radiation fields of stray radiation and pulsed neutrons
- Methods with passive detectors



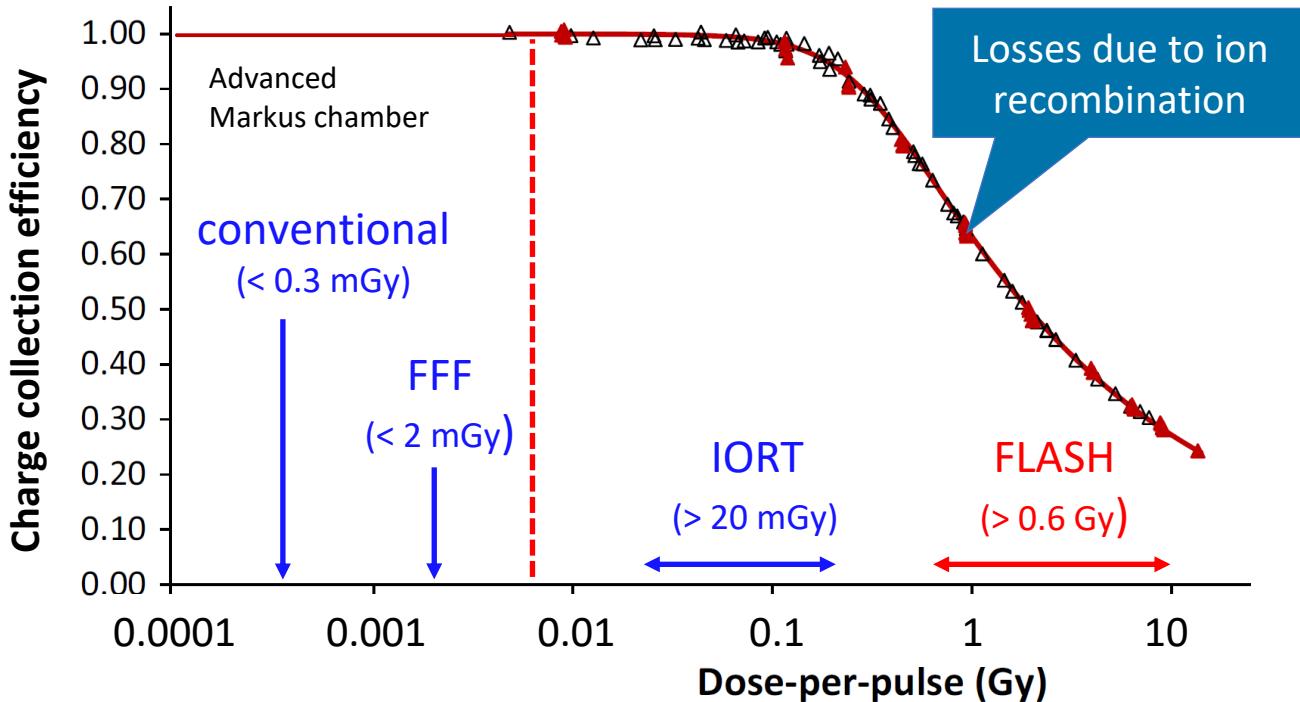
## WP3: Detectors for primary beam

- Novel and custom-built active dosimetric systems
- Beam monitoring systems



# Motivation

- Typical performance of ionization chambers



Initial situation:

- no active dosimeters for real-time measurements
- no dedicated primary standard
- no formalism for reference dosimetry



# UHPDR reference electron beam (D1)

ultra-high pulse dose rate



*PTB's Research electron accelerator*

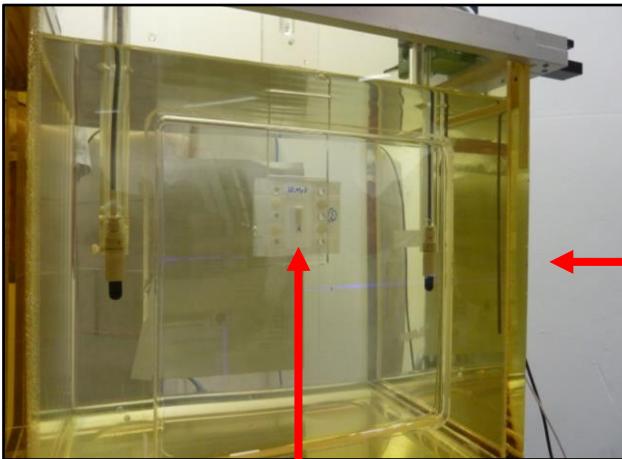
$E = 0.5 - 50 \text{ MeV}$ ,  $t_{\text{pulse}} = 0.1 - 3 \text{ us}$   
up to **12 Gy per pulse** (SSD 0.7 m, 20 MeV)



*Beam line with water phantom*

A. Bourgouin *et al.* "Characterization of the PTB ultra-high ..."  
*Phys. Med. Biol.* **67** (2022) 085013.  
<https://doi.org/10.1088/1361-6560/ac5de8>

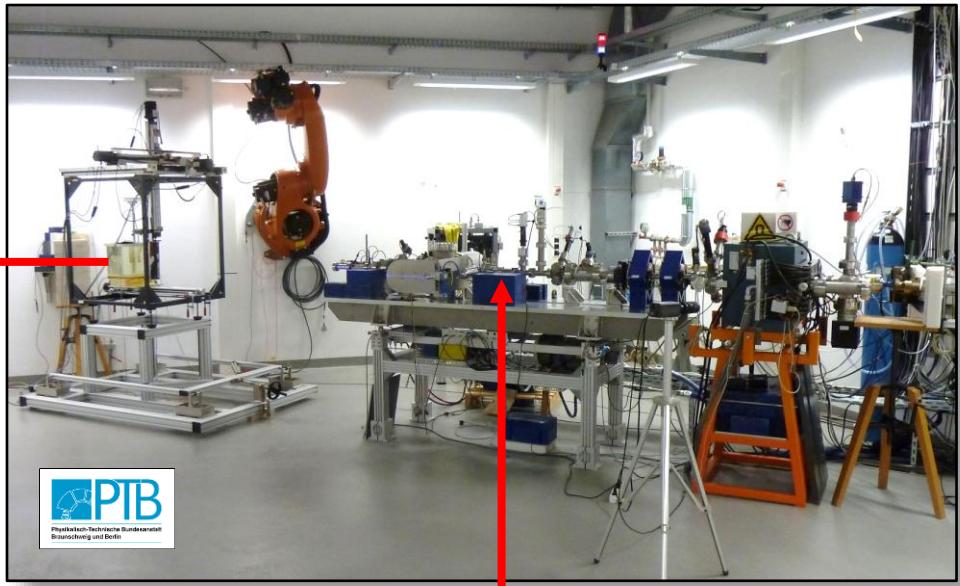
# UHPDR reference electron beam (D1)



*Alanine pellets at  
reference depth  
in water phantom*



Dose traceable to  
PTB's primary  
standards

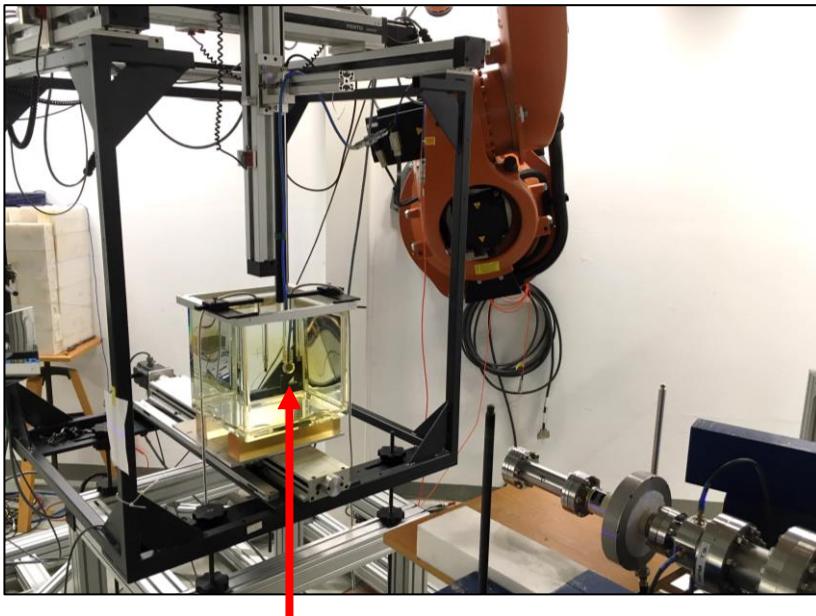


Current transformer (Bergoz ICT): Non-destructive  
absolute beam pulse charge measurement

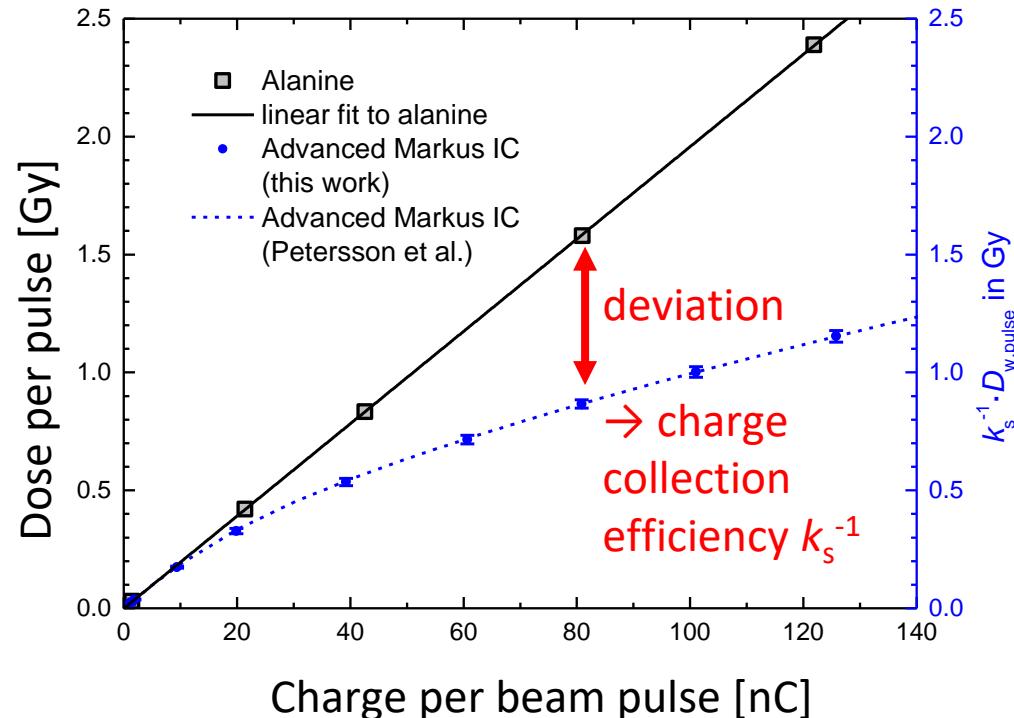
A. Bourgouin *et al.*, "Absorbed-dose-to-water..."  
Phys. Med. Biol. **67** (2022) 205011.  
<https://doi.org/10.1088/1361-6560/ac950b>



# UHPDR reference electron beam (D1)



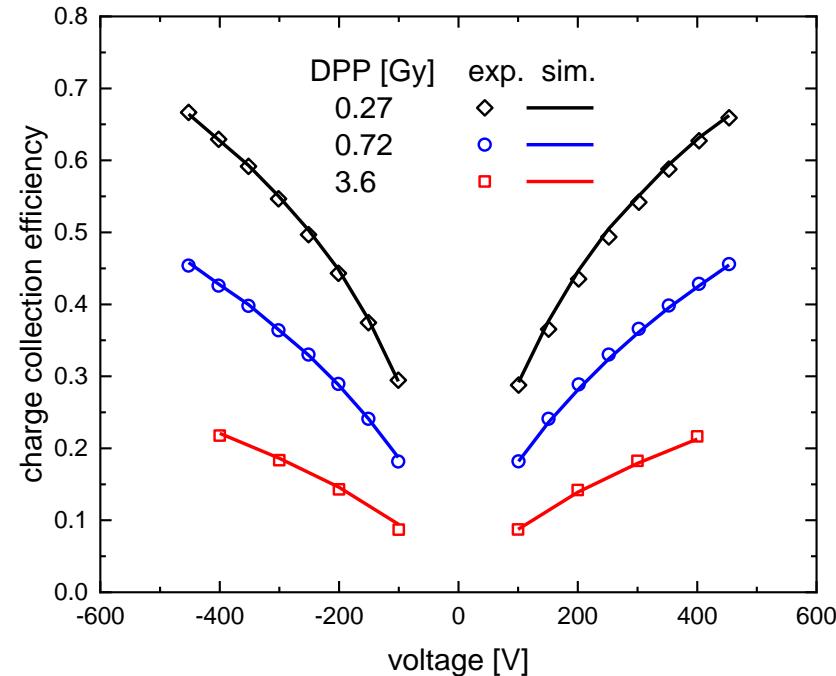
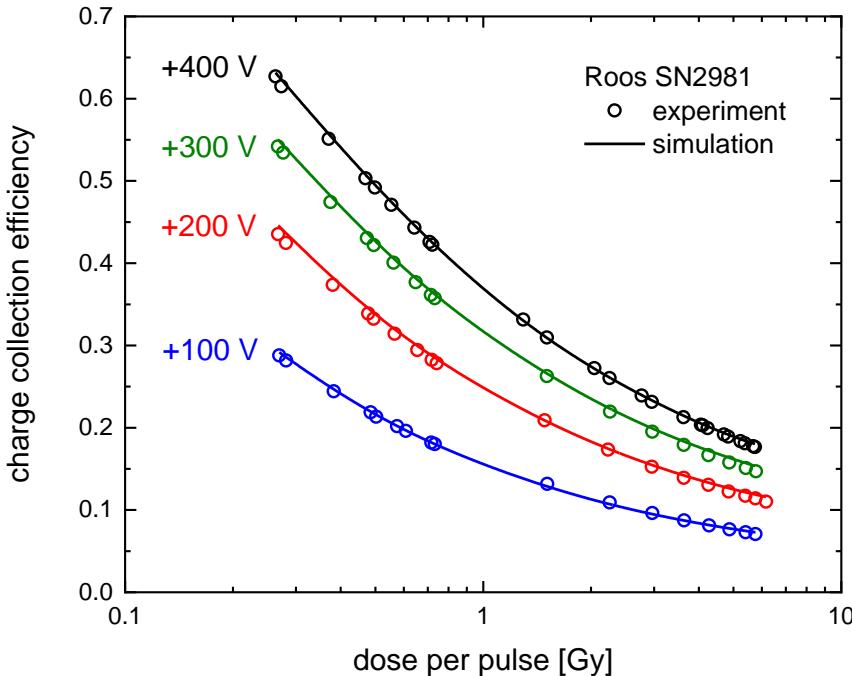
Detector under test at reference depth in water phantom



A. Bourguin *et al.*, “Calorimeter for Real-Time Dosimetry ...”  
Front. Phys. **8** (2020) 567340.  
<https://doi.org/10.3389/fphy.2020.567340>

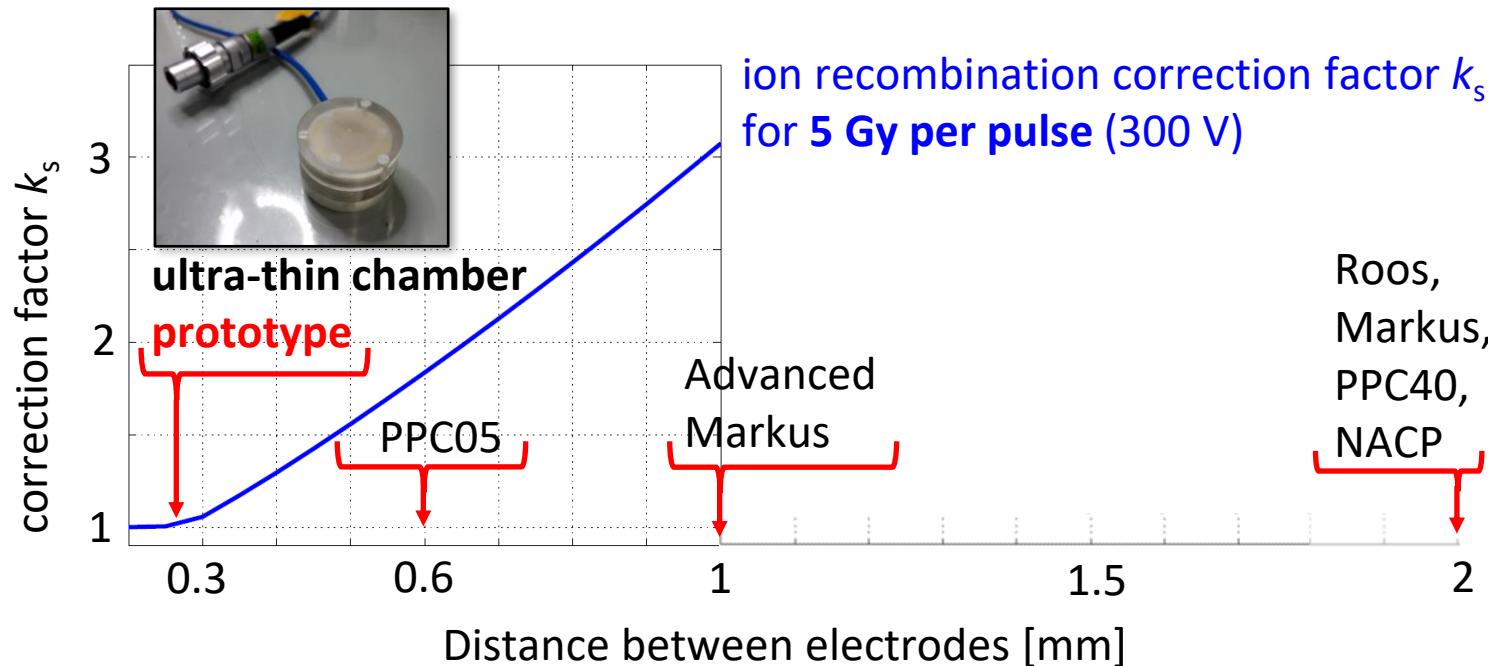


# Calculation of charge collection efficiency



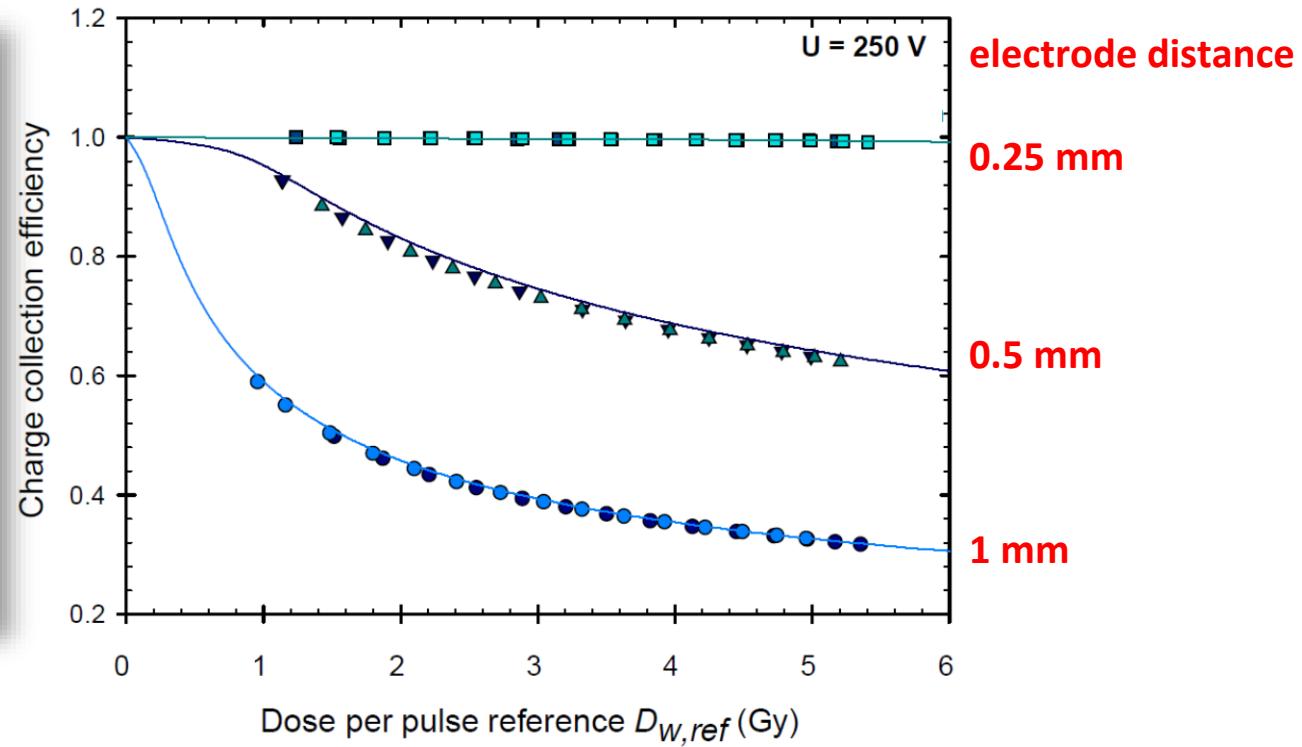
J. Paz-Martín *et al.*, “Numerical modelling ...” Phys. Med. **103** (2022) 147.  
<https://doi.org/10.1016/j.ejmp.2022.10.006>

# Calculation of charge collection efficiency





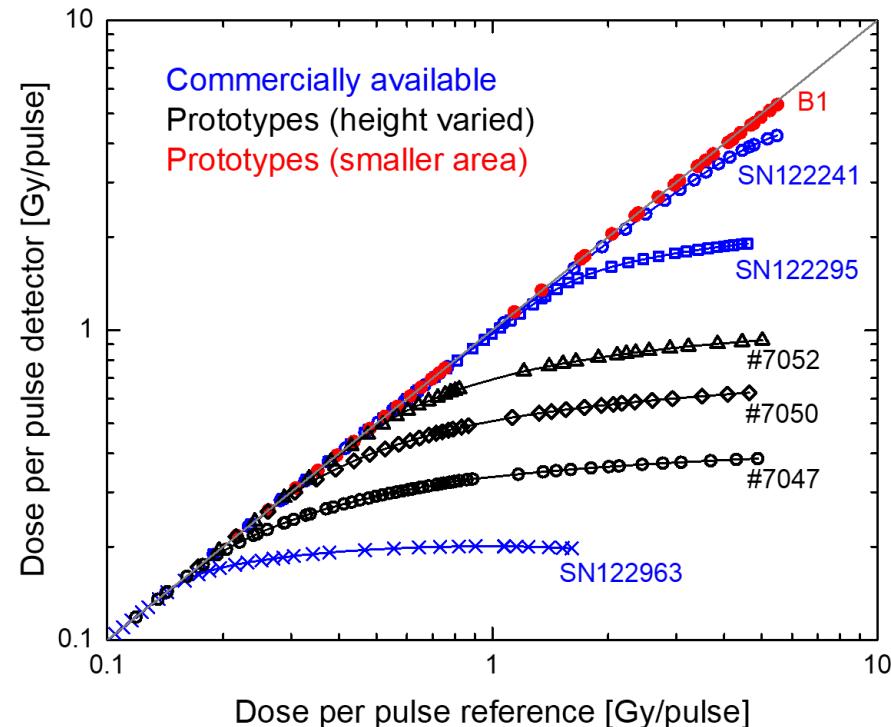
# Ultra-thin ionization chamber for FLASH RT



R. Kranzer *et al.* "Charge collection efficiency ..." Phys Med **104** (2022) 10.  
<https://doi.org/10.1016/j.ejmp.2022.10.021>



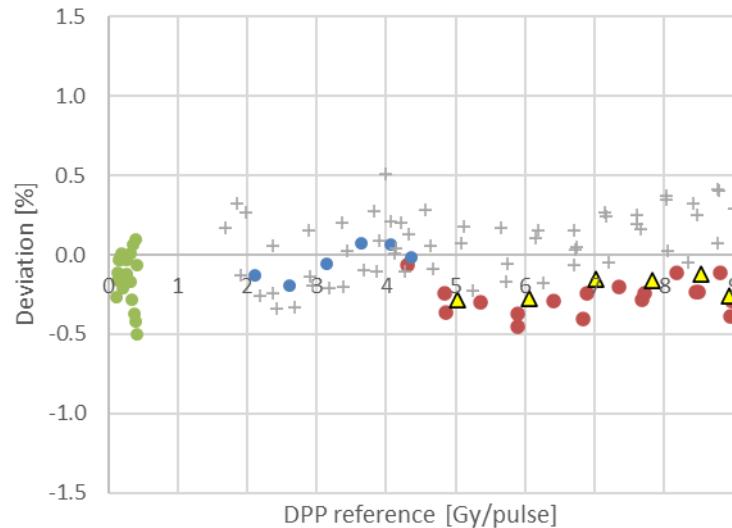
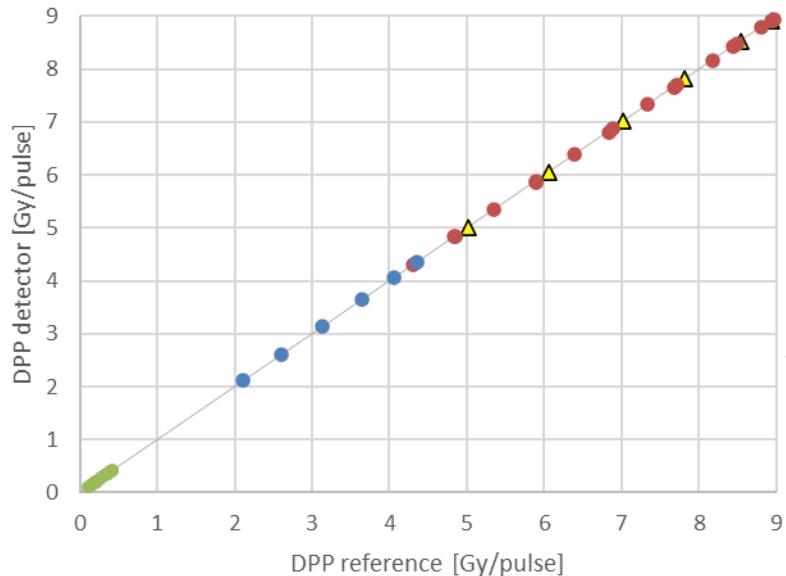
# microDiamond → flashDiamond



R. Kranzer *et al.* "Response of diamond ..."   
*Phys. Med. Biol.* **67** (2022) 075002.  
<https://doi.org/10.1088/1361-6560/ac594e>



# flashDiamond



M. Marinelli et al.

“Design, realization, and ...”

Med. Phys. **49** (2022) 1902.

<https://doi.org/10.1002/mp.15473>

G. Verona Rinati et al.

“Application of a novel diamond ...”

Med. Phys. **49** (2022) 5513.

<https://doi.org/10.1002/mp.15782>



# flashDiamond (exploitable result)



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PTW THE DOSIMETRY COMPANY TOP PRODUCTS | SOLUTIONS | SERVICES | SUPPORT | ABOUT | CONTACT US



## flashDiamond Detector T60025

Benefit from the characteristics of a diamond detector - optimized for the needs of flash dosimetry.

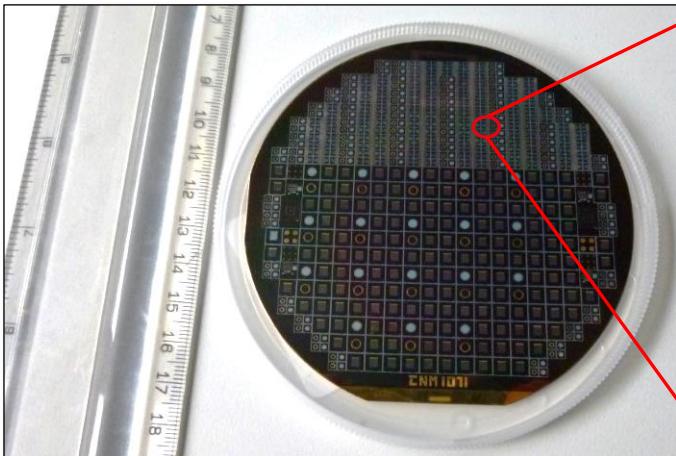
- ▶ Synthetic single crystal diamond detector with design optimized for ultra high dose rates at pulsed beams
- ▶ microDiamond accuracy:
  - ▶ Minimal dose-rate and dose-per-pulse dependence
  - ▶ Excellent spatial resolution
  - ▶ Small deviation of absorbed dose to water even in the smallest field sizes
- ▶ Combine your flashDiamond with flashAdapter (T16055) for optimal compatibility with standard PTW electrometers!



<https://www.ptwdosimetry.com/en/products/flashdiamond-detector/>



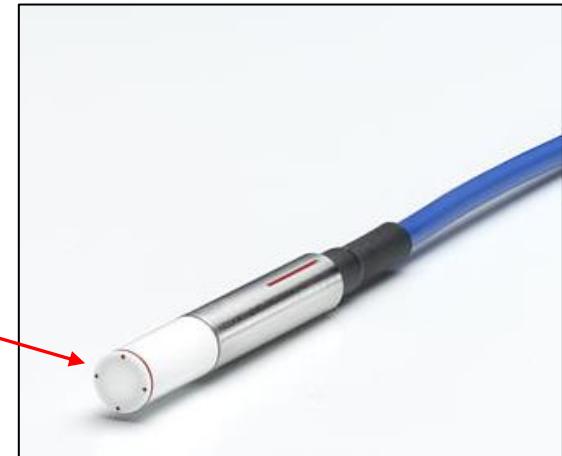
# SiC diodes for FLASH dosimetry



4" SiC wafer



1 mm diode



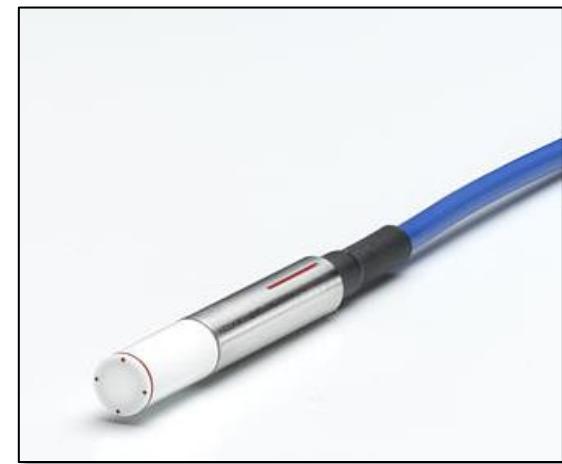
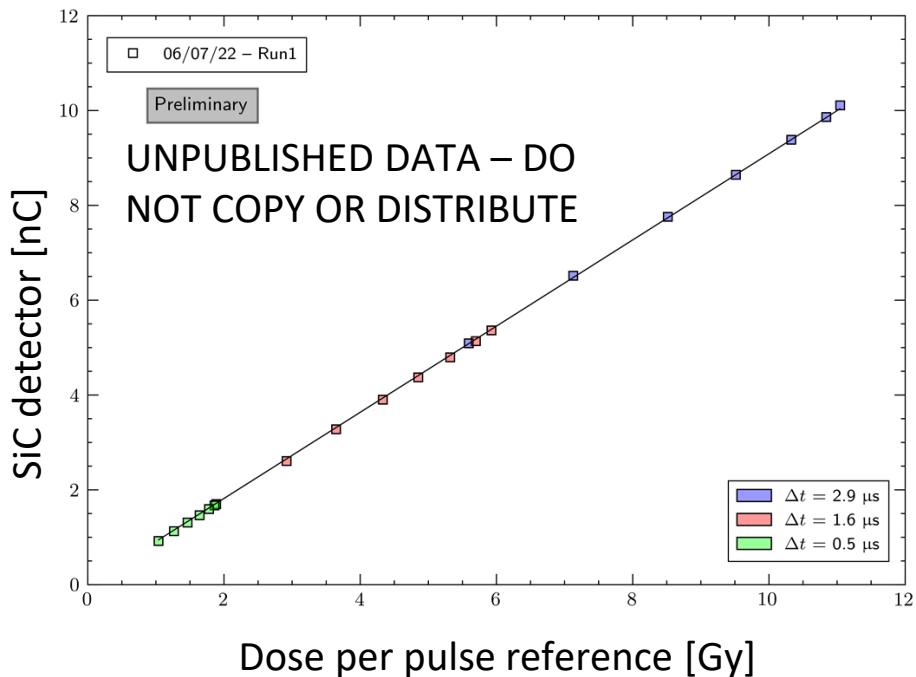
Encapsulation by PTW  
(microSilicon housing)



Application for Patent EP22383168.6



# SiC diodes for FLASH dosimetry



Celeste Fleta et al.

“Characterization of silicon carbide detectors in ultrahigh dose per pulse electron beams”, in preparation

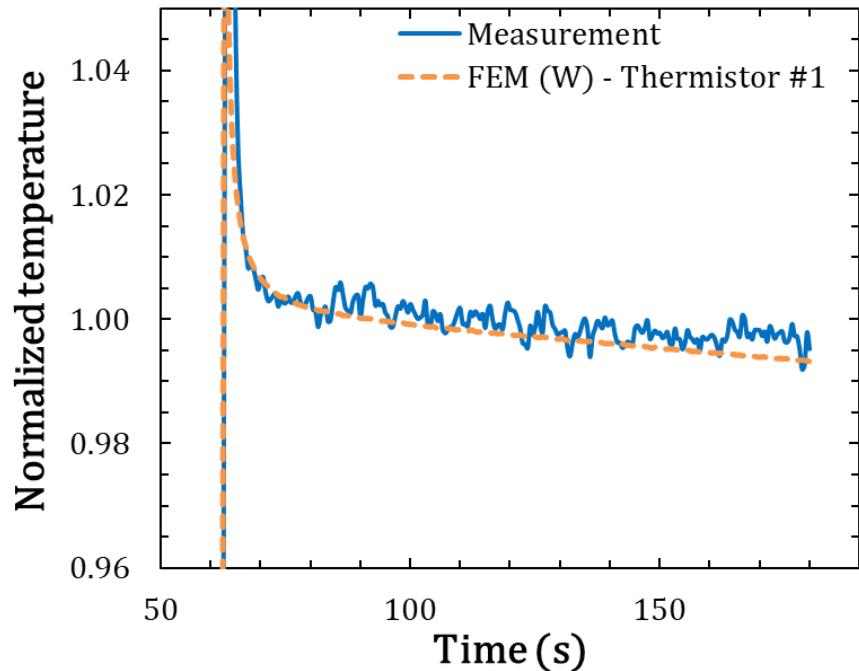


Application for Patent EP22383168.6

# Water calorimeter primary standard

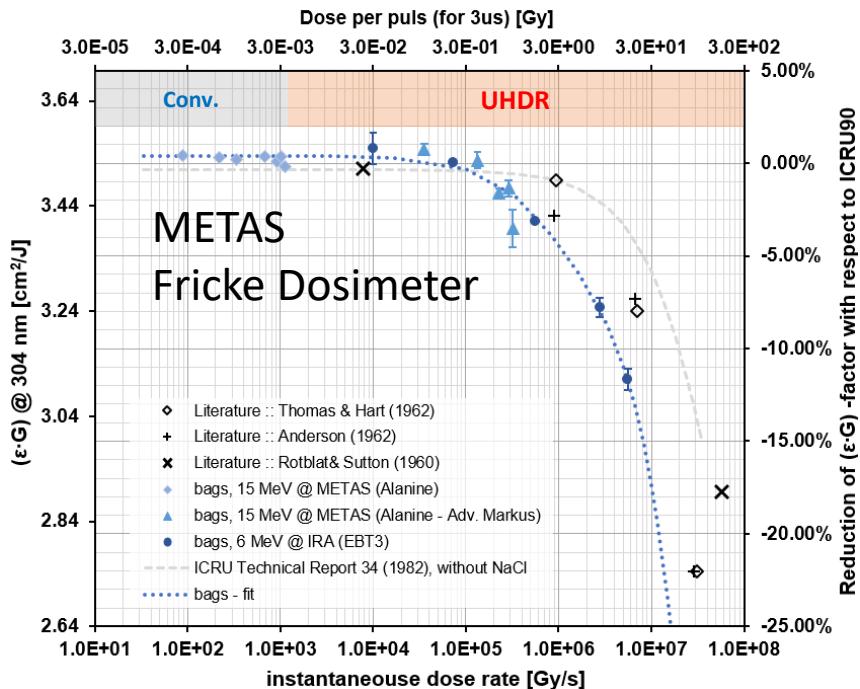


PTB's primary standard of the unit Gy  
in UHPDR reference electron beam



A. Bourgouin *et al.*, Phys. Med. Biol. (2023),  
under review

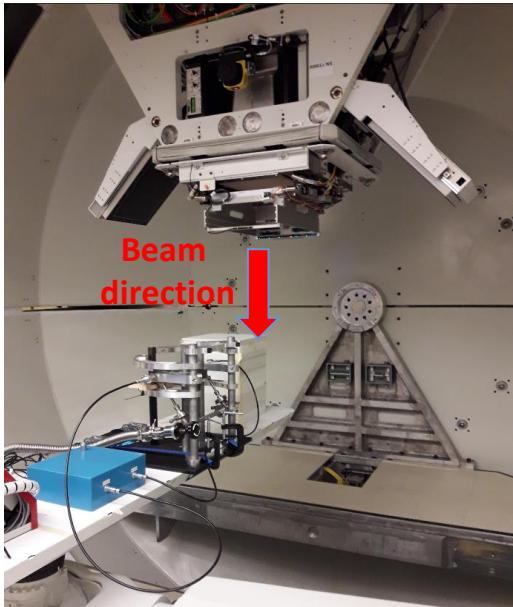
# Comparison of primary standards (D3)



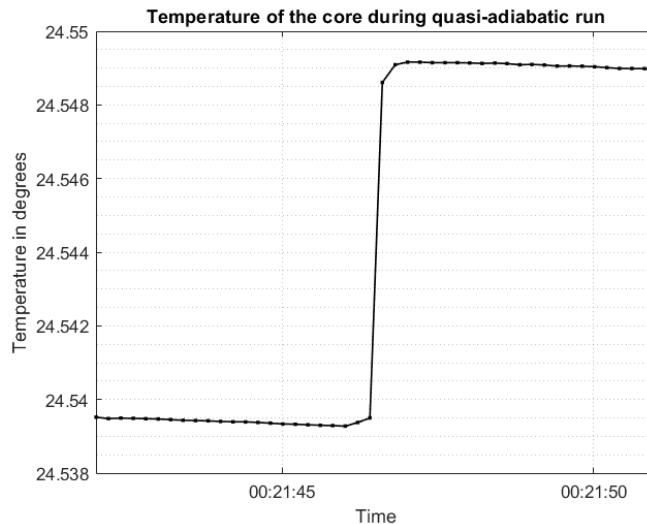
The ratio between the dose delivered by a calibrated ultra-high dose per pulse electron beam using the **METAS primary standard**, Fricke dosimeter, and the dose delivered by a calibrated ultra-high dose per pulse electron beam using the **PTB primary standard**, water calorimeter, was shown to be 1.002(12). Therefore, it can be concluded that both primary standards established in ultra-high dose per pulse electron beam **agree with each other** within the combined standard uncertainty.



# Calorimetry in UHDR proton beams (D2)



NPL's graphite calorimeter in FLASH proton beam (Cincinnati Proton Centre)



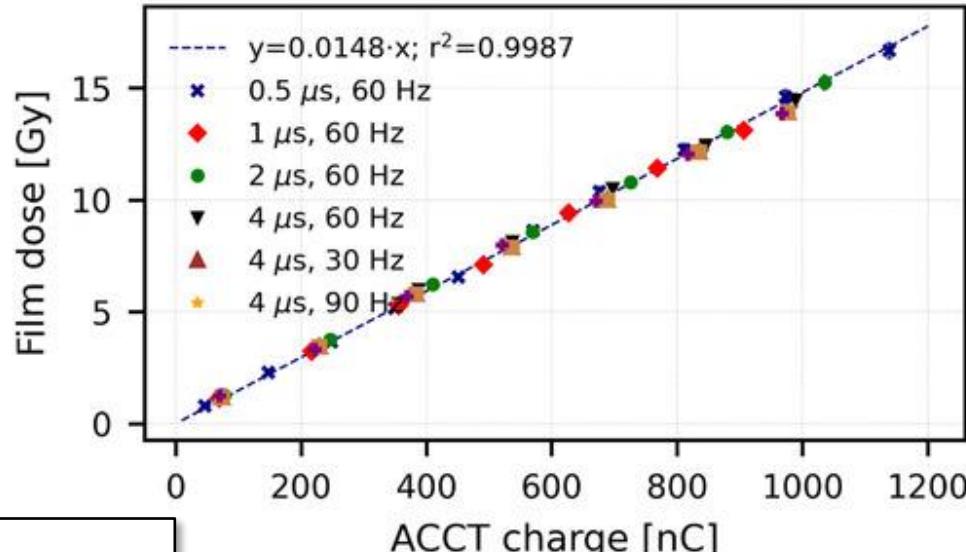
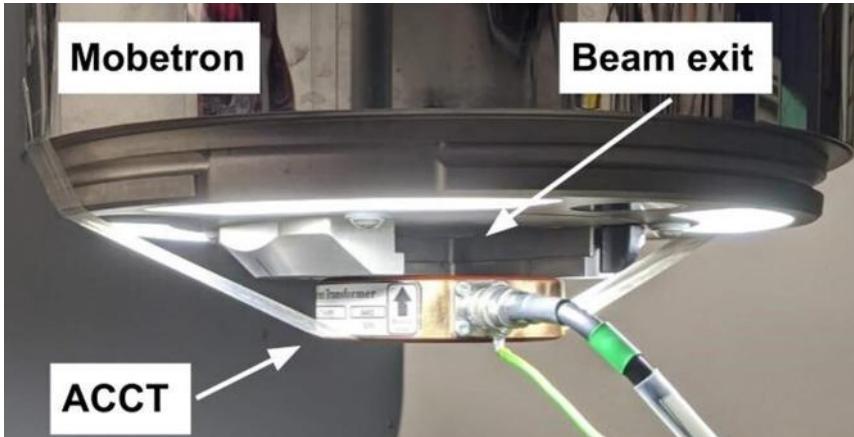
→ First ever calorimetry measurements in UHDR proton beam

- Established the correction factors required for absolute dosimetry of FLASH proton beam radiotherapy
- Measurement uncertainty of 0.9% ( $k=1$ )
- Underpinned the FDA approval and provided the hospital with confidence to commence clinical implementation

A. Lourenco et al. "Absolute dosimetry for FLASH proton ..." Scientific Reports **13** (2023) 2054.  
<https://doi.org/10.1038/s41598-023-28192-0>

E. Lee et al. "Ultrahigh dose rate pencil beam ..." Med. Phys. **49** (2022) 6171.  
<https://doi.org/10.1002/mp.15844>

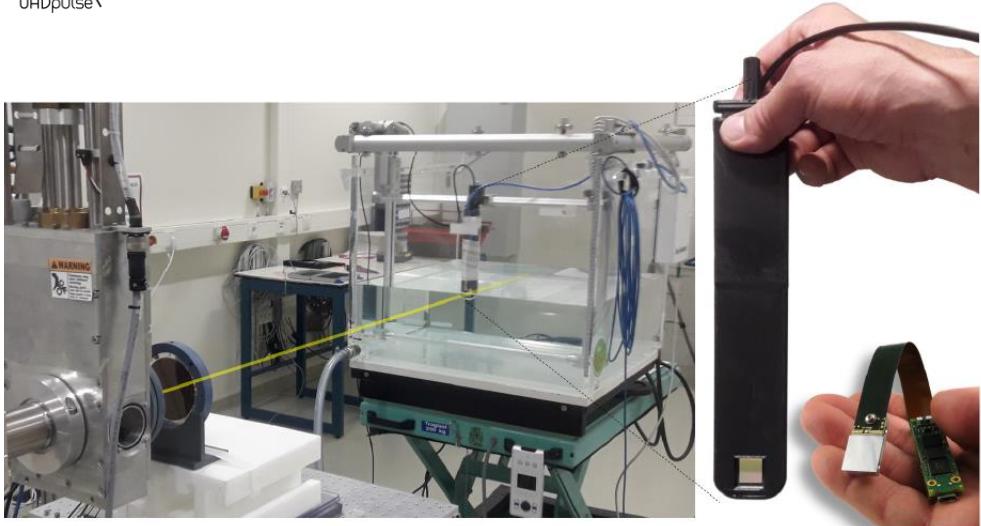
# Beam monitors for FLASH RT



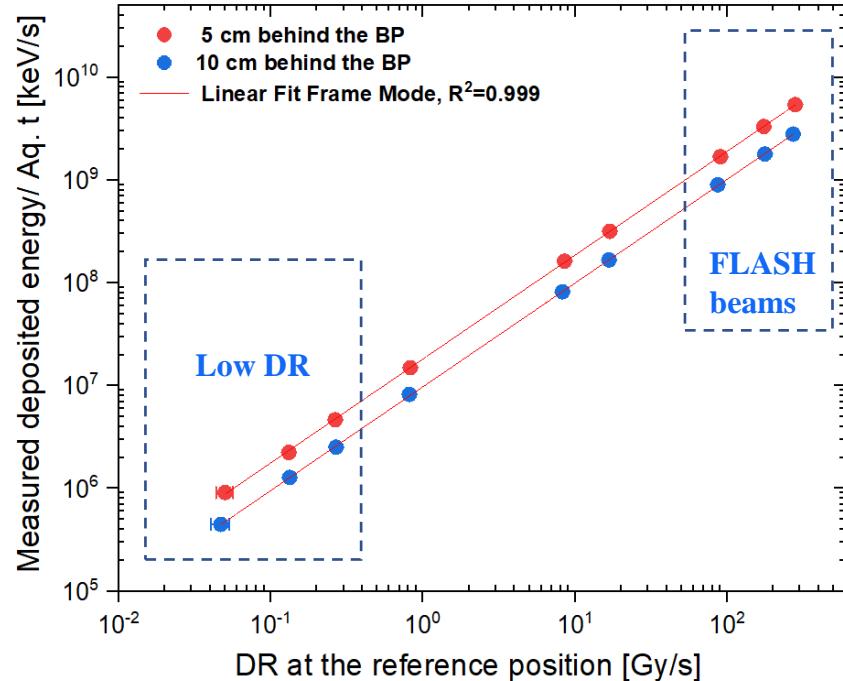
End user uptake:  
IntraOp and SIT now installs Bergoz current transformers  
as beam monitors as standard in their FLASH Linacs



# Out-of-field measurements with TimePIX3



MiniPIX TPX3 Flex in a water phantom in an ultra-high dose rate proton beam





# 1st UHDpulse stakeholder workshop



> 700 Participants (online)

34 UHDpulse contributions  
(25 oral presentations, 9 poster)





# FRPT follow-on



15 UHDpulse Contributions  
(5 oral presentations, 10 posters)



**> 650 Participants,  
~400 onsite**



# AAPM TG 359 “FLASH radiation dosimetry”



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- Committee

**AAPM COMMITTEE TREE**

Task Group No. 359 - FLASH (ultra-high dose rate) radiation dosimetry (TG359)

AAPM Members, Affiliates and Non-Member Affiliates - Login for access to additional information

Chair  
Dimitris Mihailidis  
Task Group Chair

Charge

1. Review the uncertainty in determining the dose and need for standardization in dosimetry for FLASH beams to be used in experiments, research and potentially in pre-clinical applications.
  - a. Assess the factors that would affect the beam dosimetric characteristics in FLASH mode, compared to standard delivery.
2. Assess the suitability of radiation measurement equipment (ion chambers, film, diodes, Faraday cap, etc) for FLASH mode.
3. Provide general guidelines on calibration, dosimetry and reporting of beams in FLASH mode.

Bylaws: Not Referenced. Rules: Not Referenced.

[https://www.aapm.org/org/structure/default.asp?committee\\_code=TG359](https://www.aapm.org/org/structure/default.asp?committee_code=TG359)

## UHDpulse members in TG359:





# Output of UHDpulse



No.	Report (preliminary, 28.2.23)	No. of items reported
1	STANDARDS & REGULATORY ACTIVITIES (STAN)	33
2	PEER REVIEWED OPEN ACCESS SCIENTIFIC PUBLICATIONS (PUB)	39
3	CONFERENCE PRESENTATIONS & POSTERS (CONF)	119
4	TRAINING (TR)	2
5	OTHER DISSEMINATION (OTH)	49
6	FOLLOW-ON COLLABORATIONS (FOLL)	2
7	END USER UPTAKE & EXPLOITATION (UP)	9
8	COLLABORATORS & STAKEHOLDERS (COLL)	44
9	APPLICATIONS FOR PATENTS, TRADEMARKS, REGISTERED DESIGNS, ETC (IP)	1
10	EXPLOITABLE RESULTS, ETC (RES)	3
11	FUTURE EVENTS (FUT)	
12	OPEN RESEARCH DATA (DATA)	13

<http://uhdpulse-empir.eu/>



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(in alphabetical order):

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