



# Development of Improved Dosimetry Standards for FLASH Radiotherapy: The UHDpulse Project



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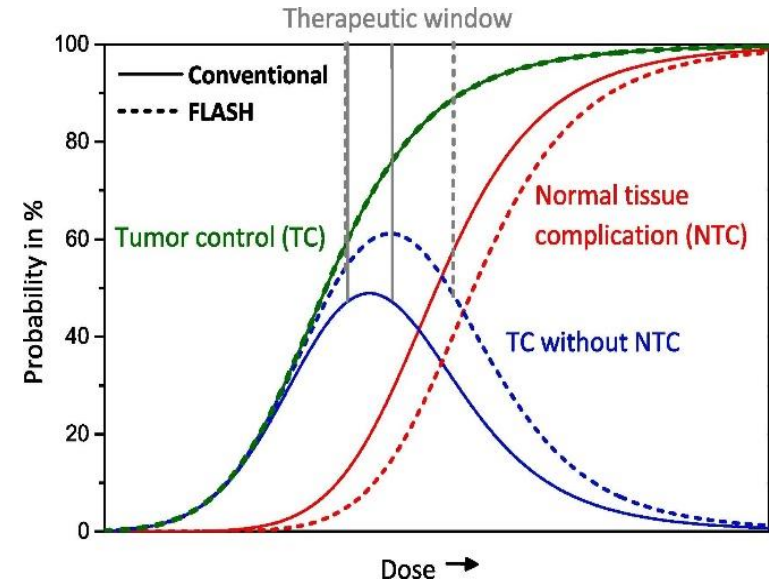
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14th International Conference on Radiation Shielding and 21st Topical Meeting of the Radiation Protection and Shielding Division  
Seattle, WA

- Flash Radiotherapy
- Metrological Challenges in Flash-RT
- The UHDPulse Project
  - Objectives
  - Work Packages
  - Recent Highlights
  - Impact
- Conclusions

**FLASH radiotherapy** (FLASH-RT) is a modern and promising cancer treatment modality still in its early stages of development and application.

- dose is delivered in few radiation pulses of ultra-high dose rate
- has been proven to significantly reduce adverse side effects to healthy tissues while being as effective for tumor control as conventional radiotherapy
- sparing effectiveness of FLASH-RT is observed using photons, protons, and electron beams
- very high energy electron (VHEE) are required for deep seeded tumor treatment ( $> 50$  MeV).

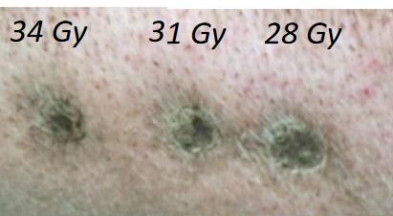


**Laser-driven accelerators are seen as a compact and cost-effective accelerators for radiotherapy**

- ultra-short radiation pulses of extremely high dose rate (up to  $10^9 - 10^{12}$  Gy/s).

## FLASH irradiation of the skin of a pig

36 weeks post-RT



Conventional  
(5 Gy/min)

*necrotic lesions*



FLASH  
(300 Gy/s)

3 Gy/pulse

*normal appearance of skin*

Vozenin et al., *Clin Cancer Res* **25** (2019) 35  
<http://dx.doi.org/10.1158/1078-0432.CCR-17-3375>

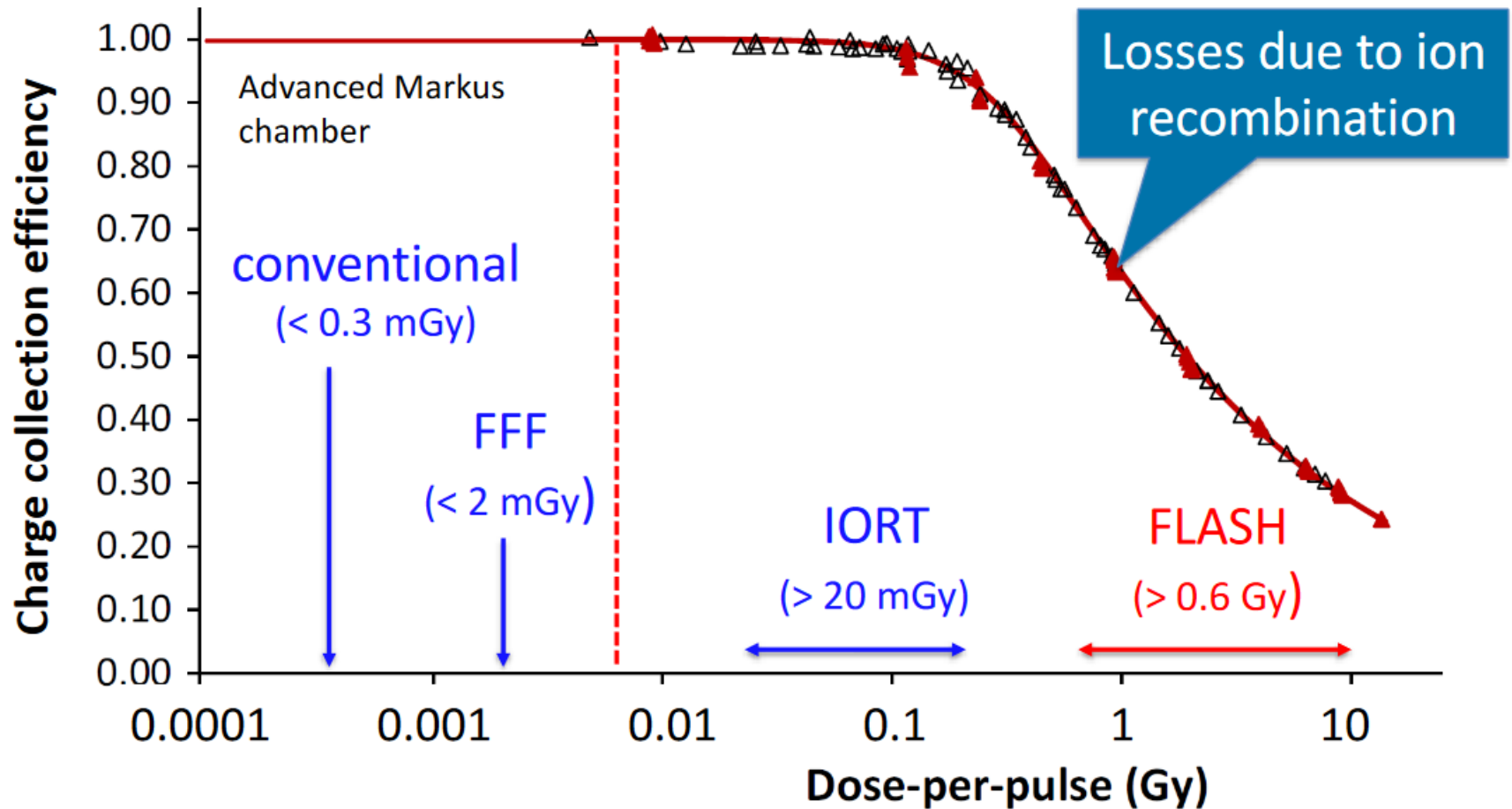
## FLASH treatment of a human patient (lymphoma on skin)



- Total dose 15 Gy
- 10 pulses (1us)
- Treatment time: 90 ms
- Dose /pulse: 1.5 Gy

Bourhis et al., *Radiother. Oncol.* (2019)  
<http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.radonc.2019.06.019>

# Metrological Challenges in Flash-RT



Petersson *et al.*, Med Phys 44 (2017) 1157  
<https://doi.org/10.1002/mp.12111>

## “Metrology for advanced radiotherapy using particle beams with ultra-high pulse dose rates” (UHDpulse)

- Joint Research Project in the framework of the European Metrology Program for Innovation and Research (EMPIR), supported by the European Association of National Metrology Institutes (EURAMET).
- Duration: Sep/2019-Feb/2023
- Coordinator: Andreas Schüller (PTB, Germany)
- Topic: dosimetry for
  - FLASH radiotherapy
  - VHEE radiotherapy
  - laser driven beams
- Website: <http://uhdpulse-empir.eu>



Schüller et al., *The European Joint Research Project UHDpulse – Metrology for advanced radiotherapy using particle beams with ultra-high pulse dose rates*, *Physica Medica* **80** (2020), 134-150.  
<https://doi.org/10.1016/j.ejmp.2020.09.020>

1. **Develop a metrological framework** which comprises SI traceable primary standards, secondary reference standards, and validated reference methods for dosimetry measurements for particle beams with ultra-high pulse dose rates.
2. **Characterize the response of available detector systems** when used in ultra-high dose per pulse or with ultra-short pulse duration particle beams.
3. **Develop traceable and validated methods for relative dosimetry**, as well as for the characterization of stray radiation outside the primary pulsed beams.
4. **Provide input data for future Codes of Practice** for absolute dose measurements in particle beams with ultra-high pulse dose rates.



## WP1: Primary standards

- Definition of reference conditions
- Reference radiation fields
- Adapting primary standards (water calorimeter, Fricke dosimeter)
- Prototype graphite calorimeters



## WP2: Secondary standards, relative dosimetry

- Transfer from primary standards
- Characterizing established detector systems
- Formalism for reference dosimetry for future Code of Practice



## WP5: Impact, WP6: Coordination

## WP4: Detectors and methods outside primary beam

- Active detection techniques for pulsed mixed radiation fields of stray radiation and pulsed neutrons
- Methods with passive detectors



## WP3: Detectors for primary beam

- Novel and custom-built active dosimetric systems
- Beam monitoring systems



## Metrology Institutes



7 Metrology institutes  
6 Hospitals  
9 Universities  
7 Research institutes  
12 Companies  
1 Proton therapy network

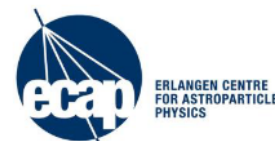
## Irradiation facilities / providers



## Detector developers

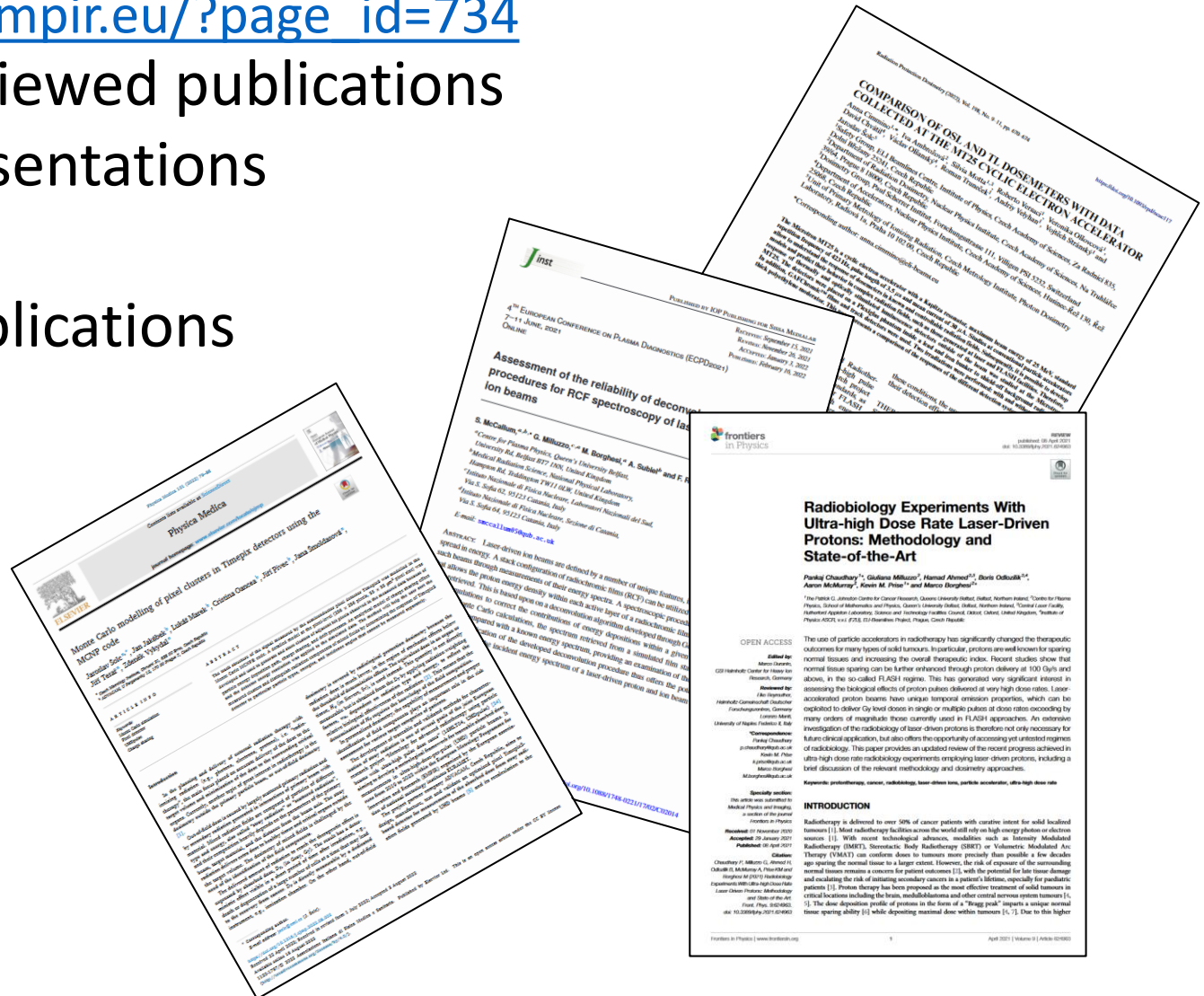


28 Collaborators joined UHDpulse up to now

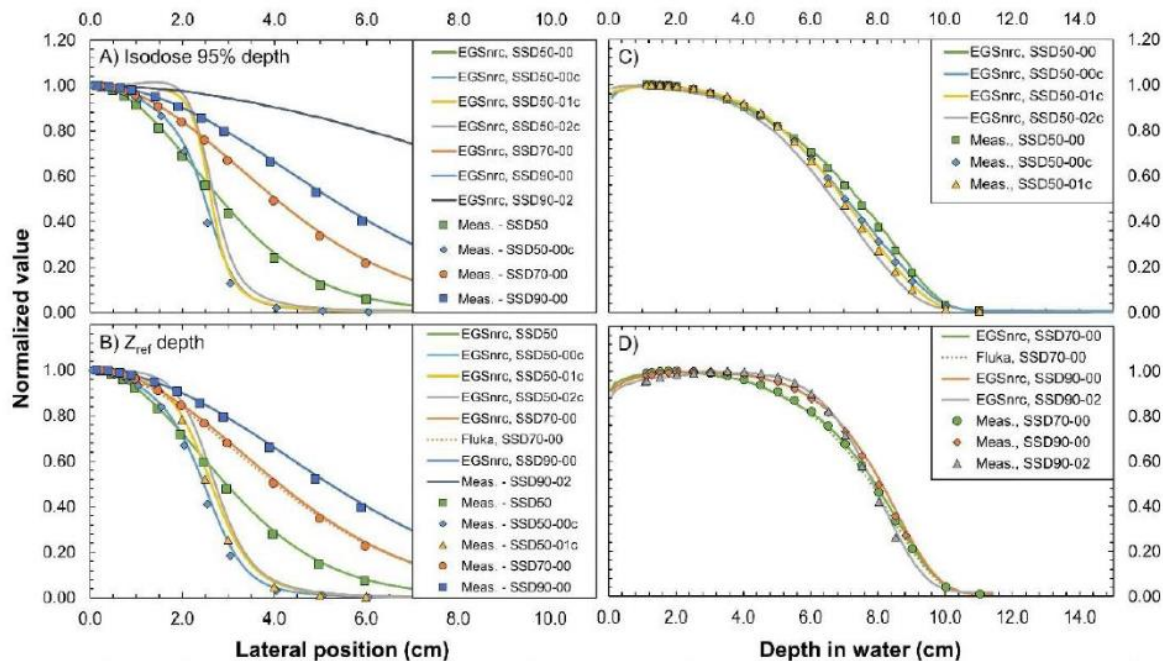


[http://uhdpulse-empir.eu/?page\\_id=734](http://uhdpulse-empir.eu/?page_id=734)

- 25 Peer-reviewed publications
- 62 Oral presentations
- 15 Poster
- 6 Other publications



## Ultra-high Pulse Dose rate reference field at PTB

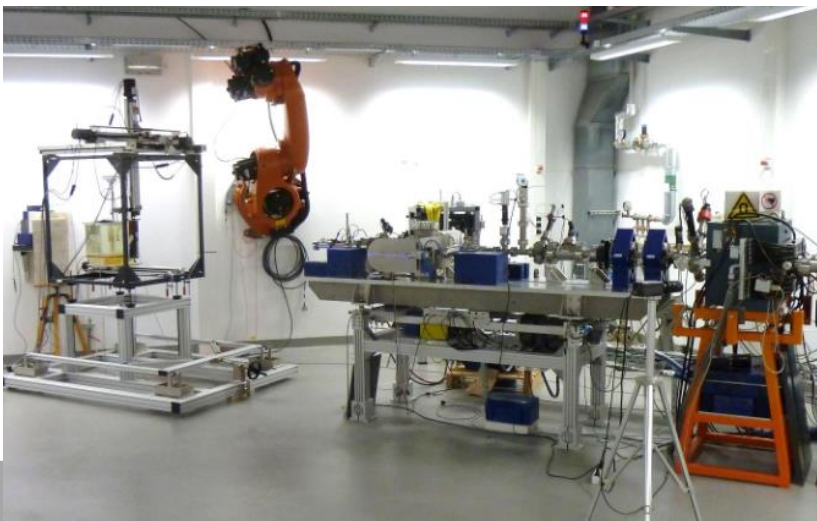


$E = 0.5 - 50 \text{ MeV}$

$t_{\text{pulse}} = 0.1 - 3 \text{ us}$

up to **7 Gy per pulse** (SSD 0.7 m, 20 MeV)

up to **15 Gy per pulse** (SSD 0.5 m, 20 MeV)  
in preparation

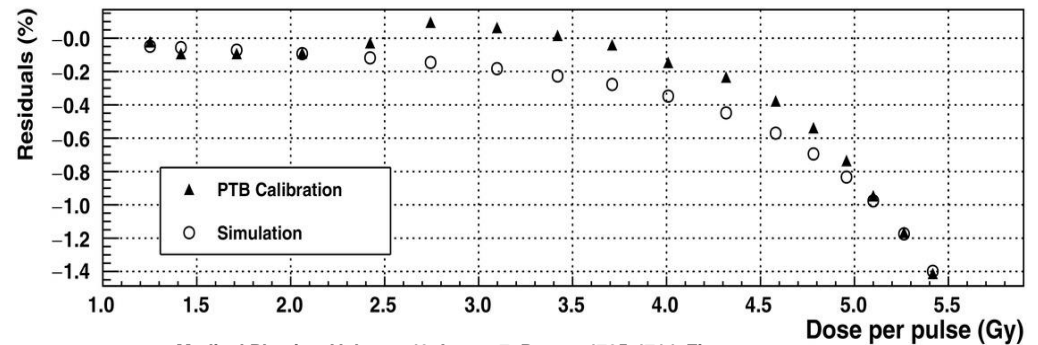
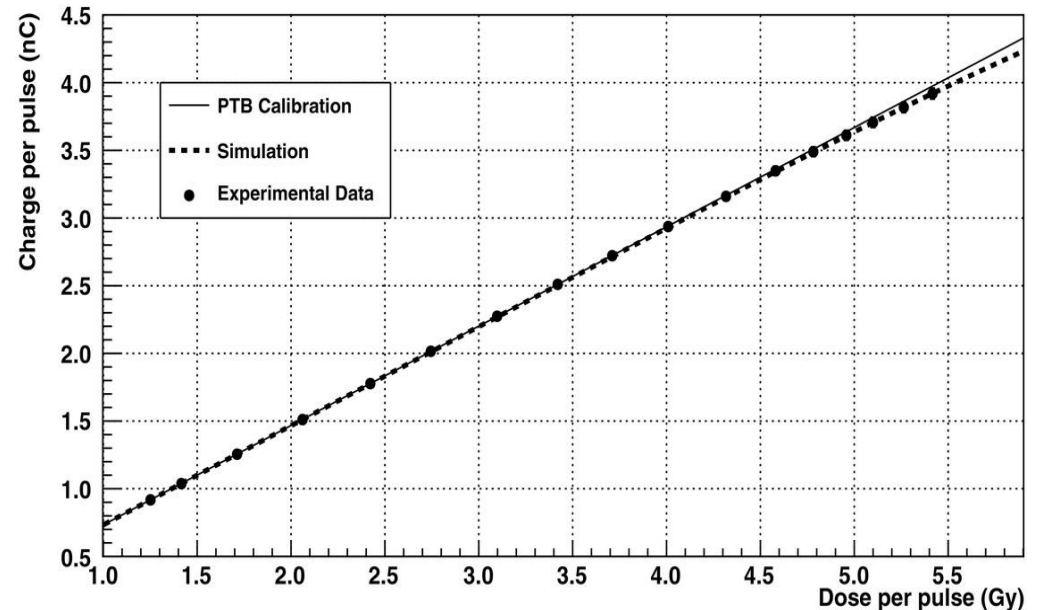


A. Bourguin et al. *Characterization of the PTB ultra-high pulse dose rate reference electron beam*, Physics in Medicine & Biology, accepted 8 April 2022. <https://doi.org/10.1088/1361-6560/ac5de8>

## Development of an ultra-thin parallel plate ionization chamber

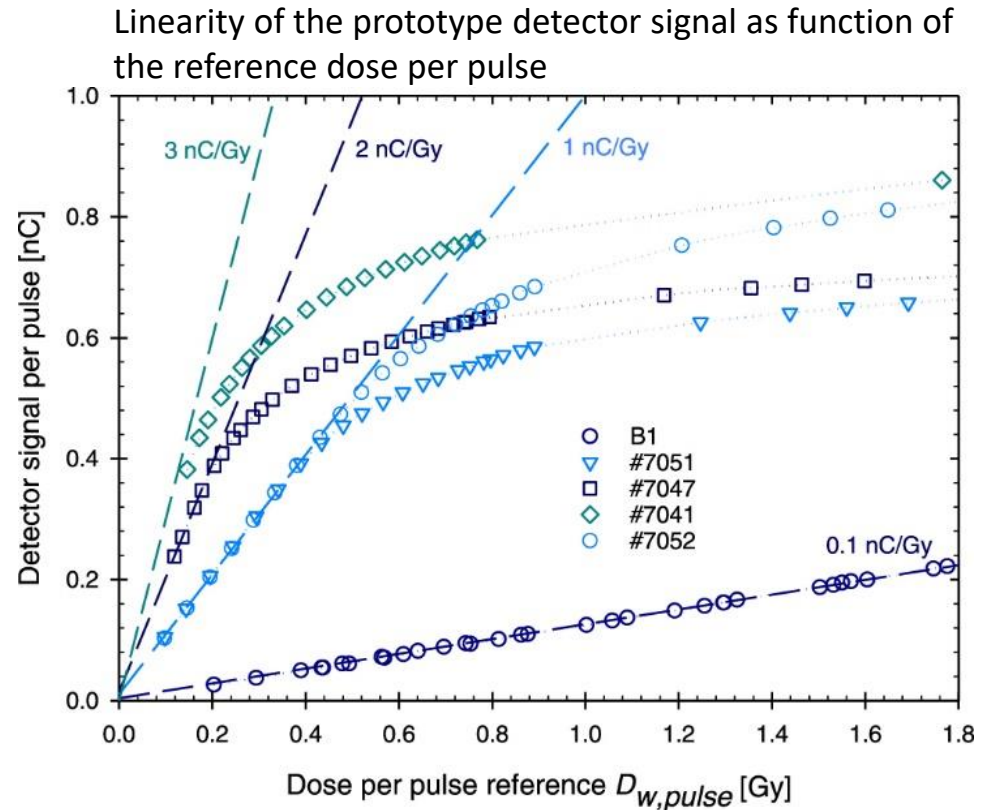


F. Gómez et al. *Development of an ultra-thin parallel plate ionization chamber for dosimetry in FLASH radiotherapy*, Medical Physics, 13 April 2022. <https://doi.org/10.1002/mp.15668>



Medical Physics, Volume: 49, Issue: 7, Pages: 4705-4714, First published: 13 April 2022, DOI: (10.1002/mp.15668)

## Diamond detector for ultra-high dose per pulse (DPP)



- Commercially available microDiamond detectors show saturation effects at different DPP levels.
- Linearity can be extended to the ultra-high DPP range by reduction of sensitivity and resistance.

Verona Rinati *et al.* Application of a novel diamond detector for commissioning of FLASH radiotherapy electron beams. *Med Phys.* 2022; **49**: 5513- 5522. <https://doi.org/10.1002/mp.15782>

Kranzer *et al.*, Response of diamond detectors in ultra-high dose-per-pulse electron beams for dosimetry at FLASH radiotherapy, 2022 *Phys. Med. Biol.* **67** 075002. <https://doi.org/10.1088/1361-6560/ac594e>

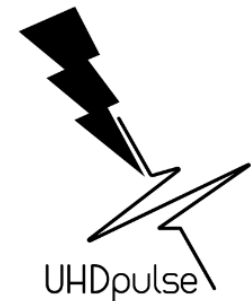
- UHDpulse is a European Joint Research Project aimed at developing and improving dosimetry standards for FLASH-RT, VHEE radiotherapy and laser-driven medical accelerators.
- The project was briefly presented in order to raise awareness of its objectives, structure, and results.

# Conclusions



The EMPIR initiative is co-funded by the European Union's Horizon 2020 research and innovation programme and the EMPIR Participating States

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<http://uhdpulse-empir.eu/>

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